# DON'T MIX PETS & POT

ALL CANNABIS PRODUCTS SHOULD BE STORED AWAY FROM PETS TO PREVENT ACCIDENTAL CONSUMPTION.



Pets do not process THC the same way as humans, so there is an increased risk of THC causing negative effects including:

Seizures, Vomiting, Coma or Death





#### **CANNABIS EDIBLES**

Consumption of cannabis edibles may pose an additional risk as they often contain other toxic substances including **chocolate**, **raisins**, **or xylitol** (sugar-free sweetener).



#### **HEAVY SMOKE EXPOSURE**

Animals should not be enclosed in a room with a stagnating cloud. Always provide access to fresh air or the outdoors.

## WHAT TO DO IF YOUR PET HAS INGESTED ANY AMOUNT OF THC OR OTHER TOXINS:

## Bring your pet to an animal emergency room immediately.

Waiting will give the THC and other toxins time to digest, which will cause more harm to your animal.

## Bring the packaging & list of ingredients of what your pet ingested.

This will make sure only necessary treatments are provided and prevent unnecessary costs.

Animals normally do well with supportive care, however large ingestions of marijuana can be dangerous.

### WHAT ARE THE CLINICAL SIGNS OF CANNABIS INTOXICATION?

Many of the signs of intoxication are neurological. Pets may become wobbly and uncoordinated. They may be hyperactive or sleepy, disoriented, and/or very vocal. Their pupils may dilate, giving them a wild-eyed appearance, and they may drool excessively or vomit. They may also develop urinary incontinence (i.e., urine leakage). In severe cases, tremors, seizures, and coma can result.

Physical signs include slow or fast heart rate, altered blood pressure, and slowed respiration rate (breathing rate). Lethargy and increases or decreases in body temperature may also be observed.

